

FIS ALPINE JUNIOR WORLD SKI CHAMPIONSHIPS – 2020, NARVIK (NOR)

Rules for the Parallel Mixed Team Event at the FIS Alpine Junior World Ski Championships

1. Type of Event

- The race will be conducted as a parallel (PSL or PGS) event using GS gates and panels.
- In case of PSL: the distance from turning pole to turning pole according to ICR (art. 801.2.3) and Slalom Specifications for Alpine Competition Equipment are valid.
In case of PGS: the distance from turning pole to turning pole should not be less than 13 m. Giant Slalom Specifications for Alpine competition equipment are valid (Exception race suits).
- The minimum vertical drop of the competition course should be 50 m and the minimum length should be 160m.

2. Eligibility of the Teams

- The top 16 nations who scored the highest points at the previous Marc Hodler Trophy are qualified. If there are not 16 qualified nations present, the next will be calculated based on the results (1-10) made by nations who were not eligible to score Marc Hodler Trophy points. If there are still nations missing, the calculation will be made adding the PWSL ranks of the 4 (2 women and 2 men) entered racers for the Parallel Mixed Team Event. The nation with lowest result will have the possibility to start.
- The total team size per nation is limited to a maximum of 4 competitors; 2 women and 2 men.
- A competitor can only start a run once.

3. Seeding of the Teams

- 16 Nations will form 8 heats.
- Bracket list will be arranged as follows:

Heat 1:	Nation 1-16
Heat 2:	Nation 8- 9
Heat 3:	Nation 5-12
Heat 4:	Nation 4-13
Heat 5:	Nation 3-14
Heat 6:	Nation 6-11
Heat 7:	Nation 7-10
Heat 8:	Nation 2-15
- The best nation, according to the final Marc Hodler Trophy standing from the previous season, will receive bib number 1 and the last nation will receive bib number 16.
- Women will race in bibs with odd numbers (1 and 3), men in bibs with even numbers (2 and 4).
- The lower bib (nation) will start with racer W1 on the red course.

4. Running the Competition

- Each individual leg between two opponents consists of one run.
 - The start order will be as follow:
 - “Course Red” Nation 1 W1 against “Course Blue” Nation 16 W1
 - “Course Blue” Nation 1 M2 against “Course Red” Nation 16 M2
 - “Course Blue” Nation 1 W3 against “Course Red” Nation 16 W3
 - “Course Red” Nation 1 M4 against “Course Blue” Nation 16 M4
- The blue course will be located on the skier's right.
The starting order cannot be changed from one heat to the next heat.

5. Points Scoring

- The winner of each individual leg scores 1 point for his/her nation.
- In case of a tie of an individual leg, both nations are awarded 1 point.
- If there is a tie at the end of the heat (example 2:2) the nation with the lowest combined time of the best individual woman and the best individual man (or second best combined time in case of a tie for the best time) will win the heat. If teams cannot be separated by combined times, the team with the fastest single time is the winner. If there is still a tie, the nation with the lowest starting bib, will be the winner.
- If both competitors fail to finish (DNF), the competitor who successfully skied the furthest distance correctly will be the leg winner.
- The Jury makes the decisions in all questions not clarified by the rules.

6. Parallel Mixed Team Event Scoring Points

The first 8 nations will achieve points.

1st 10; 2nd 9; 3rd 8; 4th 7; 5th 6; 6th 5; 7th 4; 8th 3.

The points between the 5th and 8th position will be calculated for the four (4) losing nations at the ¼ Final as follow:

- in order of winning points only from ¼ Final
- if there is a tie the nation with the lowest combined time of the best individual woman and the best individual man (or second best in case of a tie for the best time) will win. If teams cannot be separated by combined times, the team with the fastest single time is the winner. If there is still a tie, the nation with the lowest starting bib, will be the winner.

7. Reasons for disqualifications (immediate and without protest)

- stepping back
- changing from one course to another interfering with the opponent, voluntarily or not
- not passing through a gate correctly (ICR art. 661.4.2)

Oberhofen, 27.11.2019
